

# Sonata I. <sup>a</sup>

É. Jacquet de La Guerre

## Basse de Viole

### [1.] [Ouverture]

Musical score for Basse de Viole, Ouverture 1. The score consists of 15 staves of bassoon music. Measure numbers are indicated on the left side of each staff. The music features various time signatures (e.g., common time, 6/4, 3/4) and key changes. The bassoon part includes slurs, grace notes, and dynamic markings.

Measure numbers: 6, 10, 15, 20, 25, 29, 32, 35, 38, 41, 45.

Time signatures and keys indicated in the score:

- Measure 6: 6/4, 4/4
- Measure 10: 2/4, 9/7, 6/4, +6, b
- Measure 15: 5, 6, +6, 6, +4, 6, +6
- Measure 20: b, 6, 4, 3, 7, 6, 4, 6, 6, 9, 8
- Measure 25: 6, 4, +6, 6, 3, 5, 6, 6, 2, 7
- Measure 29: 2, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6
- Measure 32: 6, 6, 6, 6
- Measure 35: 6, 6, 6, 6
- Measure 38: 6, 6, 6, 6
- Measure 41: 6, 6, 6, 6, 5, 7, #
- Measure 45: 6, 6, 6, 6, 7

## Basse de Viole

49

52

58

61

66

71

74

79

83

86

89

92

## Basse de Viole

95

98

101

104

106

109

112

114

117

120

122

124

## Basse de Viole

[2.] [Allegro]

The musical score consists of 12 staves of bassoon (Basse de Viole) music. The score begins in common time, C major, and features a bassoon part with continuous sixteenth-note patterns. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. Key changes occur frequently, indicated by sharp or flat symbols above the staff. Measure numbers are placed to the left of each staff. The score concludes with a dynamic instruction [Presto] at measure 34.

Measure numbers: 1, 3, 6, 10, 13, 16, 19, 22, 26, 30, 34, 39.

Key signatures: C major, G major, D major, A major, E major, B major, F# major, C major, G major, D major, A major, E major.

Time signatures: Common time, 3/4, 2/4.

Dynamics: The score includes various dynamics such as forte (f), piano (p), and accents (e.g.,  $\acute{}$ ,  $\grave{}$ ).

## Basse de Viole

44

This musical score for Basse de Viole consists of eleven staves of music. The key signature changes frequently, starting with a bass clef and a flat sign, then moving through various sharps and flats. Measure 44 begins with a bass clef and a flat sign. Measures 45-48 show a transition to a different section with a bass clef and a sharp sign. Measures 49-58 continue with a bass clef and a sharp sign. Measures 59-68 show another transition, ending with a bass clef and a sharp sign. Measures 69-78 continue with a bass clef and a sharp sign. Measures 79-88 show a transition, ending with a bass clef and a flat sign. Measures 89-98 continue with a bass clef and a flat sign. Measures 99-107 conclude the piece with a bass clef and a flat sign.

49

60

65

70

75

80

85

92

99

107

**Sonata II. <sup>a</sup>**

É. Jacquet de La Guerre

**Basse de Viole**

[1.] [Ouverture]

The musical score consists of 14 staves of bassoon music. The key signature is mostly B-flat major, indicated by a single flat sign in the circle of fifths. The time signature varies throughout the piece, including measures in common time, 2/4, and 3/4. The music begins with a simple eighth-note pattern and gradually becomes more complex with sixteenth-note figures and rhythmic patterns. The score includes measure numbers (6, 12, 17, 22, 27, 32, 38, 43, 48, 53, 57) and a tempo marking "Allegro" at measure 51.

## Basse de Viole

61



65



70



75



[Andante]

80



84



88



91



94



98



102



106



## Basse de Viole

110



113



118



[Allegro]

123



127



130



134



138



141



144



147



151



## Basse de Viole

154



157



160



163



166



169



172



175



178



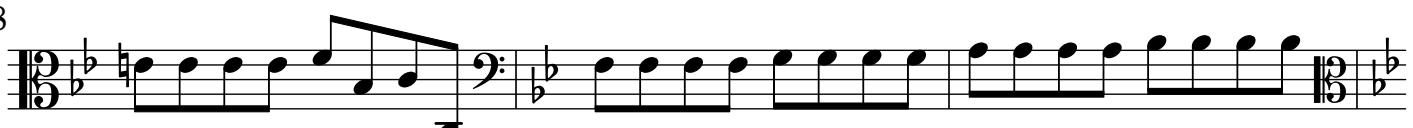
181



185



188



## Basse de Viole

191



194



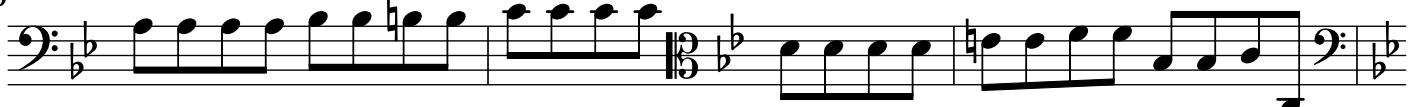
198



202



206



209



213



217



[Reprise]

221



228



234



240

